Annual Financial Report

December 31, 2022



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

KerberRose

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Village Board Village of Union Grove Union Grove, Wisconsin

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Union Grove, Wisconsin, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Village of Union Grove, Wisconsin's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Union Grove, Wisconsin, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Village of Union Grove, Wisconsin, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Village of Union Grove, Wisconsin's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

To the Village Board Village of Union Grove

Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Village of Union Grove, Wisconsin's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Village of Union Grove, Wisconsin's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the schedules of employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) and employer contributions – Wisconsin Retirement System, schedules of employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability and employer contributions – other postemployment benefits other than pensions and schedule of budgetary comparison – general fund be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that account principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

To the Village Board Village of Union Grove

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Village of Union Grove, Wisconsin's basic financial statements. The combining balance sheet – nonmajor governmental funds, combining statement of revenues, expenditures, and change in fund balances (deficits) – nonmajor governmental funds, schedule of water utility operating revenues and expenses, schedule of wastewater utility operating revenues and expenses and expenses are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining balance sheet – nonmajor governmental funds, combining statement of revenues, expenditures, and change in fund balances (deficits) – nonmajor governmental funds, schedule of water utility operating revenues and expenses, schedule of wastewater utility operating revenues and expenses and schedule of stormwater utility operating revenues and expenses and expenses are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Kenhen Rose, SC

KerberRose SC Certified Public Accountants Shawano, Wisconsin October 31, 2023

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Statement of Net Position As of December 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Business - Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and Investments	\$ 3,655,034	\$ 7,391,554	\$ 11,046,588
Accounts Receivable	343,236	519,755	862,991
Taxes Receivable	1,520,939	-	1,520,939
Loans Receivable	825,515	-	825,515
Prepaid Items	24,142	-	24,142
Inventories	<u> </u>	30,515	30,515
Total Current Assets	6,368,866	7,997,895	14,366,761
Noncurrent Assets			
Restricted Cash and Investments	-	1,471,312	1,471,312
Net Pension Asset	233,750	209,635	443,385
Land Held for Future Use	-	12,713	12,713
Preliminary Survey and Investigation	-	69,000	69,000
Capital Assets - Nondepreciable	200,040	280,004	480,044
Capital Assets - Depreciable, Net	8,030,590	19,109,048	27,139,638
Total Noncurrent Assets	8,464,380	21,151,712	29,616,092
TOTAL ASSETS	14,833,246	29,149,607	43,982,853
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Related to Pension	456,010	408,966	864,976
Related to Other Post-Employment Benefits	21,802	21,082	42,884
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	477,812	430,048	907,860
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	397,353	84,866	482,219
Accrued Liabilities	177,568	16,613	194,181
Accrued Interest Payable	53,972	102,447	156,419
Unearned Revenue	508,672	754,081	1,262,753
Current Portion of Compensated Absences	47,756	68,163	115,919
Current Portion of Long-Term Obligations	829,540	603,814	1,433,354
Total Current Liabilities	2,014,861	1,629,984	3,644,845
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Net OPEB Liability	62,129	60,081	122,210
Noncurrent Portion of Compensated Absences	11,939	17,041	28,980
Noncurrent Portion of Long-Term Obligations	9,908,462	7,464,194	17,372,656
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	9,982,530	7,541,316	17,523,846
TOTAL LIABILITIES	11,997,391	9,171,300	21,168,691
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Taxes Levied for Subsequent Period	3,262,581	-	3,262,581
Related to Pension	550,906	494,071	1,044,977
Related to Other Post-Employment Benefits	10,083	9,749	19,832
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,823,570	503,820	4,327,390
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,796,746	7,679,681	9,476,427
Restricted	423,547	1,595,842	2,019,389
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(2,730,196)	10,629,012	7,898,816
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	\$ (509,903)	\$ 19,904,535	\$ 19,394,632

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Program Revenues									
				0	perating		Capital			
		С	harges for	Gr	ants and	C	Frants and			
	Expenses		Services	Coi	ntributions	Co	ontributions			
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	 									
General Government	\$ 695,976	\$	237,160	\$	-	\$	-			
Public Safety	1,028,239		61,947		17,456		-			
Public Works	1,103,966		-		249,415		1,398,170			
Health and Human Services	11,374		-		-		-			
Culture, Recreation and Education	431,125		105,922		196,776		-			
Conservation and Development	116,595		-		-		-			
Interest and Fiscal Charges	278,963		-		-		-			
Total Governmental Activities	 3,666,238	_	405,029		463,647		1,398,170			
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES										
Water Utility	1,322,612		1,158,862		-		283,474			
Wastewater Utility	1,386,962		1,328,549		-		310,460			
Stormwater Utility	304,432		285,392		-		260,160			
Total Business-Type Activities	 3,014,006		2,772,803		-		854,094			
TOTAL VILLAGE OF UNION GROVE	\$ 6,680,244	\$	3,177,832	\$	463,647	\$	2,252,264			

GENERAL REVENUES:

Taxes:

Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes

Property Taxes, Levied for Public Ways and Facilities

Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service

Property Taxes, Levied for Tax Incremental Districts

Other Taxes

State and Federal Aids not Restricted to

Specific Functions

Interest and Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

TRANSFERS

CHANGE IN NET POSITION

NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - BEGINNING OF YEAR, RESTATED

NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR

and	Changes in Net Pos	ition
Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
\$ (458,816)	\$-	\$ (458,816)
(948,836)	-	(948,836)
543,619	-	543,619
(11,374)	-	(11,374)
(128,427)	-	(128,427)
(116,595)	-	(116,595)
(278,963)	-	(278,963)
(1,399,392)	-	(1,399,392)
	440 704	440 704
-	119,724 252,047	119,724 252,047
-	232,047	241,120
	612,891	612,891
(1,399,392)	612,891	(786,501)
1,381,129	-	1,381,129
53,120	-	53,120
467,885	-	467,885
551,770	-	551,770
13,022	-	13,022
483,281	-	483,281
60,491	26,109	86,600
154,633	1,027	155,660
3,165,331	27,136	3,192,467
167,521	(167,521)	
1,933,460	472,506	2,405,966
(2,443,363)	19,432,029	16,988,666
\$ (509,903)	\$ 19,904,535	\$ 19,394,632

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

VILLAGE OF UNION GROVE, WISCONSIN Balance Sheet Governmental Funds As of December 31, 2022

ASSETS Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable Taxes Receivable Loans Receivable Due from Other Funds Prepaid Items TOTAL ASSETS LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Liabilities Accounts Payable Accounts Payable Accounts Content Statement S	\$	593,918 313,409 716,197 650,075 540,168 24,142 2,837,909	\$	284,693 - 232,876 - -	\$	- 1,255 3,684	\$	2,776,423 28,572	\$	3,655,034
Accounts Receivable Taxes Receivable Loans Receivable Due from Other Funds Prepaid Items TOTAL ASSETS LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Liabilities Accounts Payable		313,409 716,197 650,075 540,168 24,142		-	\$,	\$, ,	\$	
Taxes Receivable Loans Receivable Due from Other Funds Prepaid Items TOTAL ASSETS LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Liabilities Accounts Payable	\$	716,197 650,075 540,168 24,142	\$	- 232,876 - -		,		28,572		
Loans Receivable Due from Other Funds Prepaid Items TOTAL ASSETS LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Liabilities Accounts Payable	\$	650,075 540,168 24,142	\$	232,876		3,684		-,-		343,236
Due from Other Funds Prepaid Items TOTAL ASSETS LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Liabilities Accounts Payable	\$	540,168 24,142	\$	-				568,182		1,520,939
Prepaid Items TOTAL ASSETS LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Liabilities Accounts Payable	\$	24,142	\$	-		-		175,440		825,515
TOTAL ASSETS LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Liabilities Accounts Payable	\$,	\$	-		-		-		540,168
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Liabilities Accounts Payable	\$	2,837,909	\$			-		-		24,142
AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Liabilities Accounts Payable			Ψ	517,569	_	4,939	\$	3,548,617	\$	6,909,034
Accounts Payable										
	\$	186.333	\$		\$	197.745	\$	13.275	\$	397,353
	φ	169,161	φ	-	φ	197,745	φ	8.407	φ	397,353 177,568
Due to Other Funds		109,101		-		- 447,214		92,954		540,168
Unearned Revenues		-		-		447,214		508,672		508,672
Total Liabilities		355,494				644,959		623,308		1,623,761
Total Liabilities		333,494				044,939		023,300		1,023,701
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Taxes Levied for Subsequent Period		1,528,286		497,529		22,871		1,213,895		3,262,581
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)										
Nonspendable		674,217		-		-		-		674,217
Restricted		-		20,040		-		1,418,247		1,438,287
Assigned		-		-		-		514,164		514,164
Unassigned (Deficits)		279,912		-		(662,891)		(220,997)		(603,976)
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		954,129		20,040		(662,891)		1,711,414		2,022,692
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS										
OF RESOURCES AND FUND										
BALANCES (DEFICITS)		2,837,909								

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$	2,022,692
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different from the amount reported above as total governmental funds fund balance because:			
Capital assets used in government activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund statements. Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position: Governmental Capital Assets Governmental Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 22,644,299 (14,413,669)		8,230,630
The Village's proportionate share of the Wisconsin Retirement System pension plan is not an available financial resource; therefore, it is not reported in the fund financial statements. Net Pension Asset Deferred Outflows Related to Pension Deferred Inflows Related to Pension	233,750 456,010 (550,906)		138,854
The Village's proportionate share of the other post-employment benefits insurance plan is not an available financial resource; therefore, it is not reported in the fund financial statements. Deferred Outflows Related to Other Post-Employment Benefits Deferred Inflows Related to Other Post-Employment Benefits	21,802 (10,083)		11,719
Noncurrent liabilities, including bonds and notes payable, are not due in the current period and therefore are not reported in the fund statements. Noncurrent liabilities reported in the statement of net position that are not reported in the funds balance sheet Net OPEB Liability General Obligation Debt Premium on Debt Issued Accrued Interest on General Obligation Debt Vested Employee Benefits		((62,129) (10,637,755) (100,247) (53,972) (59,695)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$	(509,903)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances (Deficit)

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		General	De	bt Service Fund		Capital Projects		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES	¢	4 004 454	^	407.005	^	50.400	¢	FF4 770	¢	0.400.000
Taxes	\$	1,394,151 12.277	\$	467,885	\$	53,120	\$	551,770	\$	2,466,926
Special Assessments		668,138		-		-		- 246,157		12,277
Intergovernmental Licenses and Permits		,		-		-		,		914,295
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties		237,160 61,947		-		-		32,633		269,793 61,947
,		61,947		-		-		- 75,619		75,619
Public Charges for Services Investment Income		- 35,625		-		-		24,866		60,491
Miscellaneous		,		-		-		,		,
		105,516		32,179		24,025		10,939		172,659
Total Revenues		2,514,814		500,064		77,145		941,984		4,034,007
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General Government		685,135		-		1,000		1,375		687,510
Public Safety		1,028,239		-		-		-		1,028,239
Public Works		730,278		-		-		5,011		735,289
Health and Human Services		11,374		-		-		-		11,374
Culture, Recreation and Education		-		-		-		411,524		411,524
Conservation and Development		13,186		-		-		103,409		116,595
Debt Service:										
Principal Retirement		-		412,245		-		300,000		712,245
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-		137,216		-		158,558		295,774
Capital Outlay		-		-		1,500,054		53		1,500,107
Total Expenditures		2,468,212		549,461		1,501,054		979,930		5,498,657
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		46,602		(49,397)		(1,423,909)		(37,946)		(1,464,650)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers In		167,521		62,245		-		355,319		585,085
Transfers Out		(417,564)		-		-		-		(417,564)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(250,043)		62,245		-		355,319		167,521
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)		(203,441)		12,848		(1,423,909)		317,373		(1,297,129)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING, RESTATED		1,157,570		7,192		761,018		1,394,041		3,319,821
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - ENDING	\$	954,129	\$	20,040	\$	(662,891)	\$	1,711,414	\$	2,022,692

VILLAGE OF UNION GROVE, WISCONSIN Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances (Deficit)

Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Sovernmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. \$ 2,977,817 (538,235) Capital outlay reported in governmental fund statements \$ 2,977,817 (538,235) Depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities \$ 2,439,582 Amounts related to the pension plan that affect the statement of activities but do not affect the fund financial statements. \$ 4,921 Amounts related to the other post-employment benefit that affect the statement of activities but do not affect the fund financial statements. \$ (1,429) Amounts related to the net OPEB liability that affect the statement of activities but do not affect the fund financial statements. \$ (5,363) Vested employee benefits are reported in the government funds when amounts are paid. The statement of activities reports the value of benefits earned during the year. This year the accrual of these benefits was less than the amount paid. \$ 13,822 Repayment of principal on long-term debt is reported in the governmental funds as an expenditure when paid, in the statement of activities. The amount of long-term debt \$ 712,245 Interest payments on outstanding debt are reported in the governmental funds as an expenditure when paid, in the statement of activities. The activity for the current year is as follows: \$ 0,667 Debt premiums and discounts are	Net Change in Fund Balances (Deficit) - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (1,297,129)
of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay reported in governmental fund statements Depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities Amount by which capital outlays are more than depreciation in the current period. 2,439,582 Amounts related to the pension plan that affect the statement of activities but do not affect the fund financial statements. 4 Amounts related to the other post-employment benefit that affect the statement of activities but do not affect the fund financial statements. 4 Amounts related to the net OPEB liability that affect the statement of activities but do not affect the fund financial statements. 4 Amounts related to the net OPEB liability that affect the statement of activities but do not affect the fund financial statements. 4 (1,429) 4 Amounts related to the net OPEB liability that affect the statement of activities but do not affect the fund financial statements. 4 (5,363) 4 Vested employee benefits are reported in the government funds when amounts are paid. The statement of activities reports the value of benefits earned during the year. This year the accrual of these benefits was less than the amount paid. 4 Repayment of principal on long-term debt is reported in the governmental funds as an expenditure, but is reported as a reduction in long-term debt in the statement of net position and does not affect the statement of activities. The amount of long-term debt principal payments on outstanding debt are reported in the governmental funds as an expenditure when paid, in the statement of activities interest is reported as it accrues. 4 Debt premiums and discounts are allocated over the period the debt is outstanding and is reported as part of interest expense in the statement of activities. The activity for the current year is as follows: 4 Amortization 4 Amortization 4 Amortization 4 Amortization 4 Amortizet bases the statement of activities. The activity for the current year i		
affect the fund financial statements.54,921Amounts related to the other post-employment benefit that affect the statement of activities but do not affect the fund financial statements.(1,429)Amounts related to the net OPEB liability that affect the statement of activities but do not affect the fund financial statements.(5,363)Vested employee benefits are reported in the government funds when amounts are paid. The statement of activities reports the value of benefits earned during the year. This year the accrual of these benefits was less than the amount paid.13,822Repayment of principal on long-term debt is reported in the governmental funds as an expenditure, but is reported as a reduction in long-term debt in the statement of net position and does not affect the statement of activities. The amount of long-term debt principal payments in the current year is:712,245Interest payments on outstanding debt are reported in the governmental funds as an expenditure when paid, in the statement of activities interest is reported as it accrues.10,667Debt premiums and discounts are allocated over the period the debt is outstanding and is reported as part of interest expense in the statement of activities. The activity for the current year is as follows: Amortization6,144	of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay reported in governmental fund statements Depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities Amount by which capital outlays are more than depreciation in	(538,235)
activities but do not affect the fund financial statements.(1,429)Amounts related to the net OPEB liability that affect the statement of activities but do not affect the fund financial statements.(5,363)Vested employee benefits are reported in the government funds when amounts are paid. The statement of activities reports the value of benefits earned during the year. This year the accrual of these benefits was less than the amount paid.13,822Repayment of principal on long-term debt is reported in the governmental funds as an expenditure, but is reported as a reduction in long-term debt in the statement of net position and does not affect the statement of activities. The amount of long-term debt principal payments in the current year is:712,245Interest payments on outstanding debt are reported in the governmental funds as an expenditure when paid, in the statement of activities interest is reported as it accrues.10,667Debt premiums and discounts are allocated over the period the debt is outstanding and is reported as part of interest expense in the statement of activities. The activity for the current year is as follows: Amortization6,144		54,921
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expenditure when paid, in the statement of activities interest is reported as it accrues. 10,667 Debt premiums and discounts are allocated over the period the debt is outstanding and is reported as part of interest expense in the statement of activities. The activity for the current year is as follows: Amortization 6,144	expenditure, but is reported as a reduction in long-term debt in the statement of net position and does not affect the statement of activities. The amount of long-term debt	712,245
Debt premiums and discounts are allocated over the period the debt is outstanding and is reported as part of interest expense in the statement of activities. The activity for the current year is as follows: Amortization 6,144		
	and is reported as part of interest expense in the statement of activities. The activity for the current year is as follows:	
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities\$ 1,933,460		<u> </u>

Statement of Net Position

Proprietary Funds As of December 31, 2022

	Enterprise Funds							
	Water Utility	Wastewater Utility	Stormwater Utility	Totals				
ASSETS								
Current Assets:								
Cash and Investments	\$ 3,361,372	\$ 3,417,624	\$ 612,558	\$ 7,391,554				
Accounts Receivable	210,174	229,621	79,960	519,755				
Inventories	30,515	-	-	30,515				
Other Accounts Receivable	-	56,071		56,071				
Total Current Assets	3,602,061	3,703,316	692,518	7,997,895				
Noncurrent Assets:								
Restricted Assets	410,752	1,060,560	-	1,471,312				
Net Pension Asset	77,321	88,226	44,088	209,635				
Property Held for Future Use	12,713	-	-	12,713				
Preliminary Survey and Investigation	55,000	14,000	-	69,000				
Land	124,315	440	100,883	225,638				
Plant in Service	13,886,922	17,082,746	5,153,735	36,123,403				
Accumulated Depreciation	(4,567,133)	(10,412,068)	(2,035,154)	(17,014,355)				
Construction Work in Progress	-	53,800	566	54,366				
Total Noncurrent Assets	9,999,890	7,887,704	3,264,118	21,151,712				
TOTAL ASSETS	13,601,951	11,591,020	3,956,636	29,149,607				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Related to Pension	150,841	172,115	86,010	408,966				
Related to Other Post-Employment Benefits	8,466	7,952	4,664	21,082				
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	159,307	180,067	90,674	430,048				
CURRENT LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	29,037	42,244	13,585	84,866				
Accrued Liabilities	8,149	6,754	1,710	16,613				
Accrued Interest	73,764	23,793	4,890	102,447				
Unearned Revenue	754,081	-	-	754,081				
Current Portion of Compensated Absences	26,255	29,082	12,826	68,163				
Current Portion of Long-Term Obligations	338,814	255,000	10,000	603,814				
Total Current Liabilities	1,230,100	356,873	43,011	1,629,984				
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES								
Net Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability	24,126	22,663	13,292	60,081				
Noncurrent Portion of Compensated Absences	6,564	7,270	3,207	17,041				
Noncurrent Portion of Long-Term Obligations	4,742,621	2,433,815	287,758	7,464,194				
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	4,773,311	2,463,748	304,257	7,541,316				
TOTAL LIABILITIES	6,003,411	2,820,621	347,268	9,171,300				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Related to Pension	182,231	207,932	103,908	494,071				
Related to Other Post-Employment Benefits	3,915	3,678	2,156	9,749				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	186,146	211,610	106,064	503,820				
NET POSITION								
Net Investment in Capital Assets	6,642,180	5,182,067	3,212,272	15,036,519				
Restricted	456,683	1,112,969	26,190	1,595,842				
Unrestricted	472,838	2,443,820	355,516	3,272,174				
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 7,571,701	\$ 8,738,856	\$ 3,593,978	\$ 19,904,535				

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Water Utility	Wastewater Utility	Stormwater Utility	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for Service:	\$ 1,158,862	\$ 1,328,549	\$ 285,392	\$ 2,772,803
Charges for Service.	φ 1,150,002	φ 1,520,549	<u>φ 205,592</u>	φ 2,112,003
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Operation and Maintenance	655,817	734,962	148,120	1,538,899
Depreciation	347,258	523,976	138,293	1,009,527
Total Operating Expenses	1,003,075	1,258,938	286,413	2,548,426
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	155,787	69,611	(1,021)	224,377
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Investment Earnings	8,819	17,290	-	26,109
Interest Expense	(319,537)	(128,024)	(18,019)	(465,580)
Miscellaneous	1,027			1,027
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(309,691)	(110,734)	(18,019)	(438,444)
LOSS BEFORE TRANSFERS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	(153,904)	(41,123)	(19,040)	(214,067)
TRANSFERS OUT	(165,551)	(1,970)	-	(167,521)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	283,474	310,460	260,160	854,094
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(35,981)	267,367	241,120	472,506
NET POSITION - BEGINNING, RESTATED	7,607,682	8,471,489	3,352,858	19,432,029
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 7,571,701	\$ 8,738,856	\$ 3,593,978	\$ 19,904,535

Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Water Utility	W	/astewater Utility	S	tormwater Utility		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Received from User Charges	\$	1,108,050	\$	1,337,738	\$	284,440	\$	2,730,228
Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services		(500,940)		(512,108)		(66,939)		(1,079,987)
Paid to Employees for Operating Payroll		(149,813)		(222,937)		(92,586)		(465,336)
Other Receipts		1,027		-		-		1,027
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities		458,324		602,693		124,915		1,185,932
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfer to Other Funds		(165,551)		(1,970)		_		(167,521)
		(100,001)		(1,070)				(107,021)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Acquisition of Capital Assets		(120,319)		(101,657)		(215,114)		(437,090)
Capital Contributions - Connection Fees		-		130,000		-		130,000
Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt		(2,110,602)		(540,405)		-		(2,651,007)
Proceeds from Long-Term Debt		4,305,000		1,285,000		290,000		5,880,000
Premium Received from Long-Term Debt		115,166		34,376		7,758		157,300
Interest and Fiscal Charges		(259,543)		(108,746)		(13,130)		(381,419)
Net Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities		1,929,702		698,568		69,514		2,697,784
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						i		
Investment Income		8,819		17,290		-		26,109
CHANGE IN CASH AND INVESTMENTS		2,231,294		1,316,581		194,429		3,742,304
CASH AND INVESTMENTS - BEGINNING		1,540,830		3,161,603		418,129		5,120,562
CASH AND INVESTMENTS - ENDING	\$	3,772,124	\$	4,478,184	\$	612,558	\$	8,862,866
RECONCILIATION OF CASH ACCOUNTS								
Cash and Investments	\$	3,361,372	\$	3,417,624	\$	612,558	\$	7,391,554
Restricted Cash	+	410,752	Ŧ	1,060,560	Ŧ	-	+	1,471,312
Total Reconciliation of Cash Accounts	\$	3,772,124	\$	4,478,184	\$	612,558	\$	8,862,866
NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Developer Financed Additions to Plant	\$	283,474	\$	180,460	\$	260,160	\$	724,094

Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Enterprise Funds							
		Water Utility	Waste Util			ormwater Utility		Total
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)								
TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	155,787	\$	69,611	\$	(1,021)	\$	224,377
Nonoperating Income		1,027		-		-		1,027
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)								
to Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities:								
Depreciation		347,258	5	23,976		138,293		1,009,527
Meter Depreciation Charged to Sewer		8,465		(8,465)		-		-
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:								
Customer Accounts Receivable		(33,543)		(3,403)		(952)		(37,898)
Other Receivables		-		12,592		-		12,592
Materials and Supplies		(2,293)		-		-		(2,293)
Net Pension Asset		(10,322)	(20,058)		(15,730)		(46,110)
Deferred Outflows Related to Pension		(39,422)	(58,753)		(38,851)		(137,026)
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB		566		668		907		2,141
Related to Loss on Refunding		5,509		-		-		5,509
Accounts and Claims Payable		1,016		22,664		9		23,689
Accrued Liabilities		2,817		1,328		(14)		4,131
Unearned Cell Tower Lease		(17,269)		-		-		(17,269)
Accrued Compensated Absences		252		1,468		497		2,217
Net OPEB Liability		3,184		2,676		372		6,232
Deferred Inflows Related to Pension		35,558		58,701		41,827		136,086
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB		(266)		(312)		(422)		(1,000)
Net Cash Flows From								
Operating Activities	\$	458,324	\$6	02,693	\$	124,915	\$	1,185,932

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund As of December 31, 2022

	 Custodial x Collection Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 2,925,977
Taxes Receivable	 2,574,655
Total Assets	 5,500,632
	5 500 000
Due to Other Taxing Entities	 5,500,632
NET POSITION	\$ <u> </u>

Statement of Change in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Custodial Tax Collec Fund				
ADDITIONS Taxes Collected on Behalf of Other Taxing Entities	\$	4,040,459			
DEDUCTIONS Taxes Remitted to Other Taxing Entities		4,040,459			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		-			
NET POSITION - BEGINNING		-			
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$				

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

This summary of significant accounting policies of the Village of Union Grove, Wisconsin (Village) is presented to assist in understanding the Village's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are representations of the Village's management who is responsible for the integrity and objectivity of the financial statements. These accounting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (GAAP) and have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standards setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the Village is discussed below.

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity for the Village is based upon criteria set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. All functions of the Village for which it exercises oversight responsibility are included. The oversight responsibility includes, but is not limited to, financial interdependency between the Village and the governmental entity; control by the Village over selection of entity's governing authority or designation of management; the ability of the Village to significantly influence operations of the entity; and whether the Village is responsible for the accountability for fiscal matters.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that these financial statements include the primary government and its component units. Component units are separate organizations that are included in the Village's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the Village. All significant activities and organizations with which the Village exercises oversight responsibility have been considered for inclusion in the basic financial statements. The Village has identified the Union Grove Community Development Authority as a component unit that is to be blended in the basic financial statements.

The primary government is a separately elected governing body that is legally separate and fiscally independent.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Village. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions, that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included as program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

VILLAGE OF UNION GROVE, WISCONSIN Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and the fiduciary fund, even though the latter is excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into individual funds each of which are considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balance or net position, revenues, and expenditures or expenses.

Funds are organized as major funds or non-major funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Village or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or proprietary fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type and
- b. The same element that met the 10 percent criterion in (a) is at least 5 percent of the corresponding element total for all governmental and proprietary funds combined.
- c. In addition, any other governmental fund that the Village believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water, wastewater, and stormwater enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statements Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are identified as either general, special revenue, debt service or capital projects based upon the following guidelines.

General Fund

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the Village and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Debt Service Funds

Debt service funds account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of government funds.

Capital Project Funds

Capital project funds are used to account for property tax, bond proceeds, and other financial resources available to implement the Village's capital improvement plans.

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds may be used to account for activities where a fee is charged to external users for goods and services. Enterprise activities must include operations (a) that are financed with debt that is secured solely by the pledge of the net revenues of the fund, or (b) where laws or regulations require that the costs of the activity be recovered with fees and charges, or (c) where the fees and charges are priced in a way designed to recover the costs of the activity.

Fiduciary Funds

Custodial Funds

Custodial funds are used to account for assets held by the Village as a custodian for individuals, private organizations, and/or other governmental entities.

Major Funds

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund, which accounts for the Village's primary operating activities.

The *debt service fund* accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of governmental funds.

The *capital projects fund* accounts for the resources segregated for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Major Funds (Continued)

The Village reports the following major proprietary funds:

The water utility, which operates the water distribution system.

The wastewater utility, accounts for the activities of operating the Village's sanitary sewer utility.

The stormwater utility, accounts for the activities of operating the Village's stormwater utility.

Non-Major Funds

The Village reports the following non-major special revenue funds:

Revolving Loans Impact Fees Recreation and Parks Library American Rescue Plan Act

The Village reports the following non-major capital projects funds:

Tax Incremental District No. 4 Tax Incremental District No. 5 Tax Incremental District No. 6 Tax Incremental District No. 7

Fiduciary Fund

The Village reports the following custodial fund:

The *tax collection fund*, which accounts for taxes and deposits collected by the Village, acting in the capacity of a custodian, for distribution to other governmental units or designated beneficiaries.

Cash and Investments

Cash deposits consist of demand and time deposits with financial institutions and are carried at cost. For purpose of the statement of cash flows, all cash deposits and highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less from date of acquisition are considered to be cash equivalents.

Restricted Cash and Investments

Enterprise Funds – Amounts have been set aside to provide for debt retirement and replacement of certain plant equipment.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded at gross amount with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that the amount of such allowance would not be material to the basic financial statements.

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors that will benefit periods beyond the end of the current fiscal year are recorded as prepaid items.

Prepaid items of governmental fund types in the fund financial statements are offset by a nonspendable fund balance to indicate that they do not represent spendable available resources.

Inventories

Proprietary fund inventories are generally used for construction and for operation and maintenance work and are not for resale. They are valued at cost based on first-in, first-out method, which approximates market value. Governmental fund inventory items are charged to expenditure accounts when purchased.

Capital Assets

Government-Wide Statements

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Village as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$3,000 or higher and an estimated useful life in excess of two years, except for certain assets of the Water, Wastewater, and Stormwater Utilities which may be capitalized at a lower cost. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Land improvements, buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure of the Village are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Useful Lives							
Buildings	15 - 75 Years						
Land Improvements	15 - 75 Years						
Machinery and Equipment	3 - 20 Years						
Infrastructure	25 - 60 Years						

Compensated Absences

Under terms of employment, employees are granted sick leave and vacations in varying amounts. Only benefits considered to be vested are disclosed in these statements.

All vested vacation and sick leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements, and are payable with expendable resources.

Payments for vacation and sick leave will be made at rates in effect when the benefits are used. Accumulated vacation and sick leave liabilities at December 31, 2022, are determined on the basis of current salary rates and include salary related payments.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The Village reports two categories of deferred outflows of resources related to the pension plan and cost-sharing OPEB plan on the statement of net position. The deferred outflows related to the pension plan and cost-sharing OPEB plan are explained in more detail in Note 9 and Note 10, respectively.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. The Village reports three categories of deferred inflows of resources related to taxes levied for subsequent year, the pension plan, and cost-sharing OPEB plan on either the statement of net position or balance sheet. The deferred inflows related to the pension plan and cost-sharing plan are explained in more detail in Note 9 and Note 10, respectively.

Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits

Pensions. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense (revenue), information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB). The fiduciary net position of the local retiree life insurance fund (LRLIF) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense (revenue), and information about the fiduciary net position of the LRLIF and additions to/deductions from LRLIFs fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LRLIF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of member contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Long-Term Obligations

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether it is reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists of general obligation bonds, state trust fund loans, and revenue bonds.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as an other financing source and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting in proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Unearned Revenue

During 2016, the Water Utility entered into an agreement that provided an easement, assignment of existing water tower lease contracts and the rights to future tower lease revenue. The Utility received \$860,573 as a lump sum payment. The Village recognizes \$17,269 in revenue annually.

Leases

The Village adopted GASB Statement No. 87 for the year ended December 31, 2022 which requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. This statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. There were no material leases recorded.

Equity Classifications

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components.

- Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Equity Classification (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

Fund balance is classified as either 1) nonspendable, 2) restricted, 3) committed, 4) assigned, or 5) unassigned.

Nonspendable fund balance represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) or amounts that must be maintained intact legally or contractually (such as the principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority. It would require action by the same group to remove or change the constraints placed on the resources. The action to constrain resources must occur prior to year-end; however, the amount can be determined in the subsequent period. The Village Board is the decision-making authority that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance.

Assigned fund balance in the general fund represents amounts constrained by the Village Board for a specific intended purpose. The Village has not delegated that authority to others. Assigned fund balance in all other governmental funds represents any positive remaining amount after classifying nonspendable, restricted or committed fund balance.

Unassigned fund balance represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The general fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in the unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the Village's general policy to use restricted resources first.

When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the Village's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Note 2 - Cash

The Village is authorized to invest its funds in accordance with Wisconsin Statutes. Allowable investments are as follows:

- Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank or trust company maturing in three years or less.
- Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town, or school
 district of the state. Also, bonds issued by a local exposition district, local professional baseball park district,
 local professional football stadium district, local cultural arts district or by the University of Wisconsin Hospitals
 and Clinics Authority.
- Bonds or securities guaranteed by the federal government.
- The Local Government Pooled Investment Fund and the Wisconsin Investment Trust.
- Any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.
- Securities of an open-end management investment company or investment trust, subject to various conditions and investment options.
- Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

Additional restrictions could arise from local charters, ordinances, resolutions and grant regulations of the Village.

Note 2 - Cash (Continued)

At December 31, 2022, the Village's bank balance of cash was \$9,018,106. The Village maintains its cash accounts at three financial institutions. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned. The Village does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

Deposits in each bank are insured by the FDIC up to \$250,000 for the combined amounts of all time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and up to \$250,000 for the combined amount of all interest and non-interest-bearing demand deposit accounts.

Any losses caused by failure of public depositories are also covered by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund. The fund provides coverage of \$400,000 in each financial institution above the applicable insurance coverage provided by the FDIC. However, although the fund had reserves available at December 31, 2022, the future availability of resources to cover the losses cannot be projected because provisions of the 1985 Wisconsin Act 25 provided that the amount in the fund will be used to repay public depositors for losses until the appropriation is exhausted, at which time the fund will be abolished; therefore, the State Deposit Guarantee Fund is not considered in covered amounts noted below.

The following represents a summary of deposits as of December 31, 2022:

Fully Insured Deposits	\$ 500,000
Collaterized	2,917,232
Uninsured and Uncollateralized	5,600,874
Total	\$ 9,018,106

The difference between the bank balance and carrying value is due to outstanding checks and/or deposits in transit at December 31, 2022.

The Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchanges Commission and does not publish credit quality ratings. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit with any bank and is neither insured nor guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the United States Government or any state governmental agency of the Fund. Upon demand, cash can be withdrawn with interest from the Local Government Investment Pool are valued at amortized cost. The balance in the Local Government Investment Pool at December 31, 2022 was \$5,075,040.

Note 3 - Restricted Assets

Restricted assets on December 31, 2022 consisted of cash totaling \$1,471,312 held for the following purposes:

Enterprise Funds:	
Water Utility	
Redemption Account	\$ 51,802
Reserve Account	228,727
Depreciation Account	130,223
Total Water Utility	410,752
Wastewater Utility	
Redemption Account	23,450
Replacement Account	1,037,110
Total Wastewater Utility	 1,060,560
Total Restricted Assets	\$ 1,471,312

Note 4 - Property Taxes

The Village bills and collects its own property taxes and also levies for the Union Grove Union High School, Union Grove Elementary, Racine County and Gateway Technical College.

Property taxes consist of taxes on real estate and personal property. They are levied during December and become an enforceable lien on property the following January 1. Property taxes are payable in various options depending on the type and amount. Personal property taxes are payable on or before January 31 in full. Real estate taxes are payable in full by January 31, or in two equal installments on or before January 31 and July 31. Real estate taxes not paid by July 31 are assumed by the County as part of the August tax settlement. Delinquent personal property taxes remain the collection responsibility of the Village.

Under Wisconsin Act 32, a municipality is allowed to increase its levy over the amount it levied in the prior year by the percentage increase in equalized value from net new construction or zero percent. Changes in debt service from one year to the next are generally exempt from this limit.

Note 5 - Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

Interfund receivables and payables between individual funds of the Village as of December 31, 2022 are detailed below:

Receivable Fund	ivable Fund Payable Fund		Amount	Purpose
General Fund General Fund	Capital Projects TID #5	\$	447,214 92,954	Year End Cash Flow Timing Year End Cash Flow Timing
		\$	540,168	-

The interfund account balances above are the result of various interfund activities and are expected to be repaid in 2023.

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2022 were as follows:

Fund Transferred To	Fund Transferred From Amount		Purpose			
General Fund	Water Utility	\$	165,551	Property Tax Equivalent		
General Fund	Wastewater Utility		1,970	Property Tax Equivalent		
Library Fund	General Fund		311,214	Operating Levy		
Recreation and Parks Fund	General Fund		43,007	Transfer Funds for Future Use		
Capital Projects Fund	General Fund		1,098	Transfer Funds for Future Use		
Debt Service Fund	General Fund		62,245	Fire Department Debt Reimbursement		
		\$	585,085			

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2022

Note 6 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

		Beginning Balances		Increases	De	ecreases	Ending Balances		
Governmental Activities									
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated	•	100.000	•		•		•	400.000	
Land and Improvements Construction in Progress	\$	109,622	\$	-	\$	-	\$	109,622	
Total Capital Assets Not		29,766		70,552		9,900		90,418	
Being Depreciated		139,388		70,552		9,900		200,040	
Capital Assets Being Depreciated									
Buildings and Improvements		2,482,992		20,333		-		2,503,325	
Machinery and Equipment		2,850,993				-		2,850,993	
Infrastructure		14,193,109		2,896,832		-		17,089,941	
Total Capital Assets Being		,,		_,				,,	
Depreciated		19,527,094		2,917,165		-		22,444,259	
Less Accumulated Depreciation For									
Buildings and Improvements		(1,511,183)		(87,368)		-		(1,598,551)	
Machinery and Equipment		(2,217,881)		(116,382)		-		(2,334,263)	
Infrastructure		(10,146,370)		(334,485)				(10,480,855)	
Total Accumulated									
Depreciation		(13,875,434)		(538,235)		-		(14,413,669)	
Total Capital Assets Being		5 054 000		0.070.000				0 000 500	
Depreciated, Net of Depreciation		5,651,660		2,378,930		-		8,030,590	
Governmental Activities Capital									
Assets, Net of Accumulated	•		•	0.440.400	•	0.000	•		
Depreciation	\$	5,791,048	\$	2,449,482	\$	9,900	\$	8,230,630	
	E	Beginning						Ending	
		Balances		Increases	De	ecreases		Balances	
Water Utility									
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated	•	~~~~~	•		•		•	~~~~~	
Land and Land Rights	\$	62,636	\$	-	\$	-	\$	62,636	
Intangible		61,679		-		-		61,679	
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		124,315				-		124,315	
Capital Assets Being Depreciated									
Buildings and Improvements		2,173,365		-		-		2,173,365	
Machinery and Equipment		2,243,418		6,000		-		2,249,418	
Infrastructure		9,090,739		397,793		24,393		9,464,139	
Subtotal		13,507,522		403,793	1	24,393		13,886,922	
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(4,235,803)		(355,723)		(24,393)		(4,567,133)	
Total Capital Assets Being									
Depreciated, Net of Depreciation		9,271,719		48,070		-		9,319,789	
Water Utility Capital Assets,									
Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$	9,396,034	\$	48,070	\$	-	\$	9,444,104	

VILLAGE OF UNION GROVE, WISCONSIN Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2022

Note 6 - Capital Assets (Continued)

Note 6 - Capital Assets (Continued	-							
		Beginning			_		E va d	line Delenses
		Balances		ncreases	L	Decreases	End	ing Balances
Wastewater Utility								
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated	•	110	•		•		•	4.40
Land and Land Rights	\$	440	\$	-	\$	-	\$	440
Construction in Progress		-		53,800		-		53,800
Total Capital Assets Not Being		440		53,800		-		54,240
Depreciated								
Capital Assets Being Depreciated								
Buildings and Improvements		3,395,709		31,067		7,767		3,419,009
Machinery and Equipment		8,591,487		-		-		8,591,487
Infrastructure		4,879,196		197,250		4.196		5,072,250
Subtotal		16,866,392		228,317		11,963		17,082,746
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(9,908,520)		(515,511)		(11,963)		(10,412,068)
		(-,,)		(0.0,0.0)		(11,222)		(,,)
Total Capital Assets Being								
Depreciated, Net of Depreciation		6,957,872		(287,194)		-		6,670,678
Wastewater Utility Capital Assets,								
Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$	6,958,312	\$	(233,394)	\$	-	\$	6,724,918
	_							
	- E	Beainnina						
		Beginning Balances	1	ncreases	0	Decreases	End	ing Balances
Stormwater Utility		• •	I	ncreases		Decreases	End	ing Balances
Stormwater Utility Capital Assets not Being Depreciated		• •	I	ncreases		Decreases	End	ing Balances
-		• •	<u> </u>	ncreases		Decreases	End	ing Balances
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated Land and Land Rights		Balances		ncreases - -		Decreases - -		-
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated Land and Land Rights Construction in Progress		Balances 100,883 566		ncreases - - -		Decreases - - -		100,883
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated Land and Land Rights		Balances 100,883		ncreases - - -		Decreases - - -		100,883 566
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated Land and Land Rights Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		Balances 100,883 566		ncreases - - -		Decreases - - -		100,883 566
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated Land and Land Rights Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated Capital Assets Being Depreciated		Balances 100,883 566 101,449						100,883 566 101,449
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated Land and Land Rights Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated Capital Assets Being Depreciated Land Improvements		Balances 100,883 566 101,449 76,496		ncreases - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		Decreases - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		100,883 566 101,449 113,216
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated Land and Land Rights Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated Capital Assets Being Depreciated Land Improvements Machinery and Equipment		Balances 100,883 566 101,449 76,496 395,707		- - - - 38,293 -		1,573		100,883 566 101,449 113,216 395,707
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated Land and Land Rights Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated Capital Assets Being Depreciated Land Improvements Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure		Balances 100,883 566 101,449 76,496 395,707 4,260,036		- - - - - - 436,981		- - - 1,573 - 52,205		100,883 566 101,449 113,216 395,707 4,644,812
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated Land and Land Rights Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated Capital Assets Being Depreciated Land Improvements Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure Subtotal		Balances 100,883 566 101,449 76,496 395,707 4,260,036 4,732,239		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		- - - - 52,205 53,778		100,883 566 101,449 113,216 395,707 4,644,812 5,153,735
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated Land and Land Rights Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated Capital Assets Being Depreciated Land Improvements Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure		Balances 100,883 566 101,449 76,496 395,707 4,260,036		- - - - - - 436,981		- - - 1,573 - 52,205		100,883 566 101,449 113,216 395,707 4,644,812
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated Land and Land Rights Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated Capital Assets Being Depreciated Land Improvements Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure Subtotal Less Accumulated Depreciation Total Capital Assets Being		Balances 100,883 566 101,449 76,496 395,707 4,260,036 4,732,239		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		- - - - 52,205 53,778		100,883 566 101,449 113,216 395,707 4,644,812 5,153,735
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated Land and Land Rights Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated Capital Assets Being Depreciated Land Improvements Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure Subtotal Less Accumulated Depreciation		Balances 100,883 566 101,449 76,496 395,707 4,260,036 4,732,239		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		- - - - 52,205 53,778		100,883 566 101,449 113,216 395,707 4,644,812 5,153,735
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated Land and Land Rights Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated Capital Assets Being Depreciated Land Improvements Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure Subtotal Less Accumulated Depreciation Total Capital Assets Being		Balances 100,883 566 101,449 76,496 395,707 4,260,036 4,732,239 (1,950,639)		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		- - - - 52,205 53,778		100,883 566 101,449 113,216 395,707 4,644,812 5,153,735 (2,035,154)
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated Land and Land Rights Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated Capital Assets Being Depreciated Land Improvements Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure Subtotal Less Accumulated Depreciation Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net of Depreciation		Balances 100,883 566 101,449 76,496 395,707 4,260,036 4,732,239 (1,950,639)		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		- - - - 52,205 53,778		100,883 566 101,449 113,216 395,707 4,644,812 5,153,735 (2,035,154)

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2022

Note 6 - Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the Village as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 29,163
Public Works	484,377
Culture and Recreation	 24,695
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 538,235
Business-Type Activities:	
Water Utility Depreciation Charged to Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 355,723
Less: Share of Meter Depreciation	(8,465)
Water Utility Depreciation Expense	347,258
Wastewater Utility	515,511
Plus: Share of Meter Depreciation	8,465
Wastewater Utility Depreciation Expense	523,976
Stormwater Utility	 138,293
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$ 1,009,527

Note 7 - Long-Term Obligations

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations of the Village for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	Beginning Balances Increases		D	ecreases		Ending Balances	Due Within One Year			
Governmental Activities										
General Obligation Debt:										
G.O. Refunding Bonds	\$	10,625,000	\$	-	\$	650,000	\$	9,975,000	\$	755,000
G.O. Promissory Notes		725,000		-		62,245		662,755		74,540
Adjustments For										
Issuance Premium		106,391		-		6,144		100,247		-
Total General Obligation Debt	_	11,456,391		-		718,389	_	10,738,002		829,540
Compensated Absences		73,517		40,240		54,062		59,695		47,756
Total Governmental Activity										
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	11,529,908	\$	40,240	\$	772,451	\$	10,797,697	\$	877,296
	I	Beginning						Ending	Du	ıe Within
		Balances	I	ncreases	D	ecreases		Balances	C	ne Year
Business-Type Activities										
General Obligation Debt	\$	1,475,000	\$	-	\$	100,000	\$	1,375,000	\$	205,000
Revenue Bonds		3,212,276		5,880,000		2,551,007		6,541,269		398,814
Compensated Absences		82,986		28,476		26,258		85,204		68,163
Adjustments For										
Issuance Premium		-		157,300		-		157,300		-
Issuance Discount		(11,553)		-		(5,992)		(5,561)		-
Total Business Activity										
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	4,758,709	\$	6,065,776	\$	2,671,273	\$	8,153,212	\$	671,977

Interest paid on long-term debt was \$295,774 and \$381,902 for governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively.

Note 7 - Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Additional information on the above outstanding long-term obligations is as follows:

The 2020 state trust fund loan was obtained by the Village to purchase a fire truck for the Joint Yorkville and Union Grove Fire Department. The Department will be repaying the Village using the state trust fund loan's repayments schedule.

	Date of Issuance	Final Maturity	Interest Rate	Original Indebtedness	I	Balances 12/31/22
Governmental Activities						
Long-Term Obligations						
2012 G.O Refunding Bonds	03/29/12	12/01/28	2.00-3.10%	4,065,000	\$	1,680,000
2015 G.O. Refunding Bonds	06/24/15	04/01/30	0.55-3.40%	2,645,000		1,595,000
2019 G.O. Bonds	06/05/19	06/01/37	3.00%	1,080,000		1,030,000
2020 G.O. Bonds	02/16/20	06/01/38	1.85-2.75%	1,755,000		1,730,000
2020 G.O. Bonds	02/19/20	02/01/37	2.00-2.25%	1,315,000		1,315,000
2020 State Trust Fund Loan	05/19/20	03/15/30	3.00%	725,000		662,755
2020 G.O. Bonds	11/05/20	06/01/40	3.85-4.00%	2,800,000		2,625,000
Total Governmental Activities L	ong-Term Obligations				\$	10,637,755

	Date of Issuance	Final Maturity	Interest Rate	Original Indebtedness			Balances 12/31/22
Business Type Activities							
Long-Term Obligations							
2012 G.O. Refunding Bonds	03/26/12	12/01/28	2.00-3.10%	\$	1,995,000	\$	1,375,000
2005 Water Revenue Bonds	11/01/05	05/01/25	2.37%		1,486,390		270,980
2007 Water Revenue Bonds	04/25/07	05/01/26	2.48%		516,994		129,630
2009 Water Revenue Bonds	12/09/09	05/01/29	2.67%		652,175		260,659
2022 Utility Revenue Bonds	06/01/22	05/01/42	3.00-4.00%		5,880,000		5,880,000
Total Business Type Activities Long-Term Obligations							

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Governmental Funds				Enterprise Funds				Totals			
	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2023	\$	829,540	\$	266,155	\$	603,814	\$	268,939	\$	1,433,354	\$	535,094
2024		896,728		244,962		637,590		193,435		1,534,318		438,397
2025		874,078		222,182		651,459		179,744		1,525,537		401,926
2026		906,451		198,592		665,790		164,400		1,572,241		362,992
2027		918,894		173,821		668,177		148,979		1,587,071		322,800
2028-2032		3,137,064		536,883		2,344,439		559,084		5,481,503		1,095,967
2033-2037		2,280,000		238,453		1,180,000		339,715		3,460,000		578,168
2038-2042		795,000		21,546		1,165,000		117,100		1,960,000		138,646
	\$	10,637,755	\$	1,902,594	\$	7,916,269	\$	1,971,396	\$	18,554,024	\$	3,873,990

Estimated payments of accumulated employee benefits are not included in the above schedule.

Note 7 - Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Current Refunding

The Utility issued \$5,880,000 Combined Utility Revenue Bonds and used a portion to retire the remaining maturities of the 2012 Waterworks System Revenue Bonds totaling \$1,805,000. The refunding reduced total debt service payments by \$62,326 and present value savings of \$47,304.

The 2022 equalized valuation of the Village as certified by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue is \$504,610,300. The legal debt limit and margin of indebtedness as of December 31, 2022, in accordance with Wisconsin Statutes follows:

Debt Limit (5% of \$504,610,300)	\$ 25,230,515
Deduct Long-Term Debt Applicable to Debt Margin	 (12,012,755)
Legal Margin Available for New Debt	\$ 13,217,760

Utility Revenues Pledged

The Village has pledged future water customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the water system revenue bonds. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the construction or acquisition of capital assets used within the utility. The bonds are payable from water customer net revenues and are payable through 2025, 2026, 2029 and 2042. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$6,129,311. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$168,541 and \$512,891, respectively.

The Village has pledged future wastewater customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the wastewater system revenue bonds. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the construction or acquisition of capital assets used within the utility. The bonds are payable from wastewater customer net revenues and are payable through 2042. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$1,817,245. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$447,283 and \$610,877 respectively.

The Village has pledged future stormwater customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the stormwater system revenue bonds. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the construction or acquisition of capital assets used within the utility. The bonds are payable from stormwater customer net revenues and are payable through 2042. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$415,666. The stormwater utility did not have any principal or interest payments for the year ended December 31, 2022, and net revenues were \$137,272.

Debt Coverage

		Water	W	astewater	St	ormwater
Operating Revenues	\$	1,158,862	\$	1,328,549	\$	285,392
Investment Income		8,819		17,290		-
Miscellaneous Revenues		1,027		-		-
Less: Operations and Maintenance Expenses		(655,817)		(734,962)		(148,120)
Net Customer Revenues	\$	512,891	\$	610,877	\$	137,272
Minimum Required Earnings per Resolution						
Highest Annual Debt Service	\$	485,789	\$	115,805	\$	24,966
Coverage Factor		1.25		1.25		1.25
Minimum Required Earnings	\$	607,236	\$	144,756	\$	31,208
Actual Debt Coverage	_	0.84		4.22		4.40

The Village is in not in compliance with the water revenue bond debt coverage ratio for the year ended December 31, 2022. The Village has been authorized by the Public Service Commission to raise water rates effective April 1, 2023.

The Village is in compliance with the wastewater and stormwater revenue bond debt coverage ratios for the year ended December 31, 2022.

VILLAGE OF UNION GROVE, WISCONSIN Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2022

Note 8 - Fund Balance (Deficit) and Net Position

Fund Balances

Fund balance reported in the governmental funds includes the following:

Nonspendable General Fund Loan Receivable Prepaid Items	\$ 650,075 24,142
Total Nonspendable Fund Balance	\$ 674,217
Assigned	
Special Revenue Funds:	
Recreation and Parks	\$ 74,638
Library	 439,526
Total Assigned Fund Balance	\$ 514,164
Restricted	
Loans:	
Revolving Loans	\$ 387,520
Impact Fees	 222,207
Tax Incremental Districts:	
TID #4	634,454
TID #6	174,066
	 808,520
Debt Service	20,040
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$ 1,438,287
Unassigned (Deficit)	
General Fund	\$ 279,912
Capital Projects	(662,891)
TID #5	(213,246)
TID #7	 (7,751)
Total Unassigned (Deficit)	\$ (603,976)

Deficit fund balances will be recovered through subsequent years' revenues.

The Village's policy indicates that the General Fund will maintain unassigned fund balance at 20% of operating expenditures of the General Fund. As of December 31, 2022, the Village's unassigned General Fund balance compared to the total general expenditures at 11% does not meet the policy requirements put in place by the Village.

VILLAGE OF UNION GROVE, WISCONSIN Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2022

Note 8 - Fund Balance (Deficit) and Net Position (Continued)

Proprietary Funds

Net position reported on the proprietary funds statement of net position at December 31, 2022 includes the following:

	Water Utility	W	/astewater Utility	S	tormwater Utility	Total
Net Investment in Capital Assets						
Net Capital Assets	\$ 9,444,104	\$	6,724,918	\$	3,220,030	\$ 19,389,052
Less: Related Long-Term Debt	(4,966,269)		(2,660,000)		(290,000)	(7,916,269)
Less: Issuance Premium	(115,166)		(34,376)		(7,758)	(157,300)
Plus: Issuance Discount	-		5,561		-	5,561
Plus: Unspent Proceeds	2,279,511		1,145,964		290,000	3,715,475
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets	 6,642,180		5,182,067		3,212,272	 15,036,519
Restricted						
Debt Redemption	51,802		23,450		-	75,252
Debt Reserve	228,727		-		-	228,727
Equipment Replacement	130,223		1,037,110		-	1,167,333
Pension	45,931		52,409		26,190	124,530
Total Restricted	 456,683		1,112,969		26,190	 1,595,842
Unrestricted	 472,838		2,443,820		355,516	 3,272,174
Total Proprietary Funds Net Position	\$ 7,571,701	\$	8,738,856	\$	3,593,978	\$ 19,904,535

Government-Wide Statements

Net position reported on the government-wide statement of net position at December 31, 2022 includes the following:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total
Net Investment in Capital Assets					
Net Capital Assets	\$	8,230,630	\$	19,389,052	\$ 27,619,682
Less: Related Long-Term Debt		(10,637,755)		(7,916,269)	(18,554,024)
Less: Issuance Premium		(100,247)		(157,300)	(257,547)
Plus: Issuance Discount		-		5,561	5,561
Plus: Unspent Proceeds		-		3,715,475	3,715,475
Fire Department Asset		662,755		-	662,755
Allocated to BT Activites		3,641,363		(3,641,363)	
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets		1,796,746		11,395,156	 13,191,902
Restricted Water Utility					
Debt Redemption		-		51,802	51,802
Debt Reserve		-		228,727	228,727
Equipment Replacement		-		130,223	130,223
Wastewater Utility					
Debt Reserve		-		23,450	23,450
Equipment Replacement		-		1,037,110	1,037,110
Pension		138,854		124,530	 263,384
Total Restricted		138,854		1,595,842	 1,734,696
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(2,445,503)		6,913,537	 4,468,034
Total Government-Wide Net Position	\$	(509,903)	\$	19,904,535	\$ 19,394,632

Note 9 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information About the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government, and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at <u>https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements</u>.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Wisconsin Retirement System Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

Vesting. For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits Provided. Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupations and 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement plan participants, if hired on or before December 31, 2016) are entitled to a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings, and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings periods. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at or after age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

Note 9 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Post-Retirement Adjustments. The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment	Variable Fund Adjustment
2012	(7.0)%	(7)%
2013	(9.6)	9
2014	4.7	25
2015	2.9	2
2016	0.5	(5)
2017	2.0	4
2018	2.4	17
2019	0.0	(10)
2020	1.7	21
2021	5.1	13

Contributions. Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for General category employees, including Teachers, Executives and Elected Officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the Executives and Elected Officials category was merged into the General Employee Category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$64,511 in contributions from the Village.

Contribution rates as of December 31, 2022 are:

 Employee Category	Employee	Employer
eneral (including teachers, kecutives, and elected officials)	6.50%	6.50%

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2022, the Village reported an asset of \$443,385 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020, rolled forward to December 31, 2021. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The Village's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the Village's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2021, the Village's proportion was 0.00550094%, which was an increase of 0.00004419% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Village recognized a reduction of pension expense of \$37,361.

December 31, 2022

Note 9 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

At December 31, 2022, the Village reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Out	eferred flows of sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between projected and actual experiences	\$ 716,267		\$	51,650	
Changes in assumptions		82,719		-	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		991,891	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,479		1,436	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		64,511			
Total	\$	864,976	\$	1,044,977	

The \$64,511 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the Village's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an adjustment of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ending December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	C (Ir	t Deferred Dutflows nflows) of esources
2023	\$	(20,028)
2024		(120,221)
2025		(53,285)
2026		(50,978)
	\$	(244,512)

Note 9 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:	December 31, 2020
Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset):	December 31, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method:	Fair Value
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:	6.8%
Discount Rate:	6.8%
Salary Increases:	
Inflation	3.0%
Seniority/Merit	0.1% - 5.6%
Mortality:	2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table
Post-retirement Adjustments*	1.7%

* No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.7% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. Based on this experience study, actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability changed from prior year, including the discount rate, long-term expected rate of return, post-retirement adjustment, price inflation, mortality and separation rates. The total pension liability for December 31, 2021 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation.

Long-term Expected Return on Plan Assets. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

As of December 31, 2021								
		Long-Term	Long-Term					
		Expected	Expected					
	Asset	Nominal Rate	Real Rate of					
Core Fund Asset Class	Allocation %	of Return %	Return % ²					
Global Equities	52%	6.8%	4.2%					
Fixed Income	25	4.3	1.8					
Inflation Sensitive Assets	19	2.7	0.2					
Real Estate	7	5.6	3.0					
Private Equity/Debt	12	9.7	7.0					
Total Core Fund ³	115% *	6.6%	4.0%					
Variable Fund Asset Class								
U.S. Equities	70%	6.3%	4.1%					
International Equities	30	7.2	4.9					
Total Variable Fund	100%	6.8%	4.6%					

Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns¹ As of December 31, 2021

¹Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges; target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations.

²New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.5%.

³The investment policy used for the Core Fund involves reducing equity exposure by leveraging lower-volatility assets, such as fixed income securities. This results in an asset allocation beyond 100%. Currently, an asset allocation target of 15% policy leverage is used, subject to an allowable range of up to 20%.

Note 9 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Single Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 6.8% was used to measure the total pension liability, as opposed to a discount rate of 7.0% for the prior year. This single discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.80% and a municipal bond rate of 1.84% (Source: Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2021. In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the Municipal Curves are constructed using option-adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax exempt securities.). Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 6.8% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.7% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount **Rate.** The following presents the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.80 percent, as well as what the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.80 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.80 percent) than the current rate:

	Disc	1% Decrease to Discount Rate (5.80%)		Current Discount Rate (6.80%)		1% Increase to Discount Rate (7.80%)	
Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	314,613	\$	(443,385)	\$	(989,004)	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Payables to the Pension Plan. The Village is required to remit the monthly required contribution for both the employee and Village portions by the last day of the following month. At December 31, 2022, there were no outstanding payables to WRS.

Note 10 - Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits

General Information About the OPEB Plan

Plan Description. The LRLIF is a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. LRLIF benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF) and the Group Insurance Board have statutory authority for program administration and oversight. The plan provides post-employment life insurance benefits for all eligible members.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Retiree Life Insurance Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

Benefits Provided. The LRLIF plan provides fully paid up life insurance benefits for post-age 64 retired members and pre-65 retirees who pay for their coverage.

Note 10 - Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits (Continued)

Contributions. The Group Insurance Board approves contribution rates annually, based on recommendations from the insurance carrier. Recommended rates are based on an annual valuation, taking into consideration an estimate of the present value of future benefits and the present value of future contributions. A portion of employer contributions made during a member's working lifetime funds a post-retirement benefit.

Employers are required to pay the following contributions based on member contributions for active members to provide them with Basic Coverage after age 65. There are no employer contributions required for pre-age 65 annuitant coverage. If a member retires prior to age 65, they must continue paying the member premiums until age 65 in order to be eligible for the benefit after age 65.

Contribution rates as of December 31, 2022 are:

Coverage Type	Employee
50% Post Retirement Coverage	40% of Member Contribution
25% Post Retirement Coverage	20% of Member Contribution

Member contributions are based upon nine age bands through age 69 and an additional eight age bands for those age 70 and over. Participating members must pay monthly contribution rates per \$1,000 of coverage until the age of 65 (age 70 if active). The member contribution rates in effect for the year ended December 31, 2021 are as listed below:

Life Insurance Member Contribution Rates * For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Attained Age	Basic/Supplemental
Under 30	\$ 0.05
30-34	0.06
35-39	0.07
40-44	0.08
45-49	0.12
50-54	0.22
55-59	0.39
60-64	0.49
65-69	0.57

* Disabled members under age 70 receive a waiver-of-premium benefit.

During the reporting period, the LRLIF recognized \$426 in contributions from the Village.

OPEB Liabilities, **OPEB** Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At December 31, 2022, the Village reported a liability of \$122,210 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2021 rolled forward to December 31, 2021. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The Village's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the Village's share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2021, the Village's proportion was 0.020677%, which was an increase of 0.000568% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2022

Note 10 - Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits (Continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Village recognized OPEB expense of \$14,599.

At December 31, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between projected and actual experiences	\$	1,589	\$	6,217	
Changes in assumptions		36,923		5,924	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		3,946		7,691	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		426		-	
Total	\$	42,884	\$	19,832	

The \$426 reported as deferred outflows related to OPEB resulting from the Village's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an adjustment of the net OPEB liability in the year ending December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Net Deferred Outflows				
Year Ending	(Inf	lows) of			
December 31,	Res	sources			
2023	\$	5,399			
2024		5,214			
2025		4,586			
2026		5,618			
2027		1,581			
Thereafter		228			
	\$	22,626			

Note 10 - Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:	January 1, 2021
Measurement Date of Net OPEB Liability:	December 31, 2021
Experience Study:	January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2020, Published November 19, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal
20 Year Tax-Exempt Municipal Bond Yield:	2.06%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:	4.25%
Discount Rate:	2.17%
Salary Increases:	
Wage Inflation	3.00%
Seniority/Merit	0.1% - 5.6%
Mortality:	2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. Based on this experience study, actuarial assumptions used to measure the total OPEB liability changed from the prior year, including the price inflation, mortality and separation rates. The total OPEB liability for December 31, 2021 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the January 1, 2021 actuarial valuation.

Long-term Expected Return on Plan Assets. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. Investments for the LRLIF are held with Securian, the insurance carrier. Interest is calculated and credited to the LRLIF based on the rate of return for a segment of the insurance carriers' general fund, specifically 10-year A- Bonds (as a proxy, and not tied to any specific investments). The overall aggregate interest rate is calculated using a tiered approach based on the year the funds were originally invested and the rate of return for that year. Investment interest is credited based on the aggregate rate of return and assets are not adjusted to fair market value. Furthermore, the insurance carrier guarantees the principal amounts of the reserves, including all interest previously credited thereto.

State OPEB Life Insurance Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns As of December 31, 2021

			Long-Term Expected Geometric
		Target	Real Rate of
Asset Class	Index	Allocation	Return %
U.S. Intermediate Credit Bonds	Bloomberg U.S. Interm Credit	45%	1.68%
U.S. Long Credit Bonds	Bloomberg U.S. Long Credit	5	1.82
U.S. Mortgages	Blookberg U.S. MBS	50	1.94
Inflation			2.30
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return			4.25

The long-term expected rate of return remained unchanged from the prior year at 4.25%. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The expected inflation rate increased from 2.20% as of December 31, 2020 to 2.30% as of December 31, 2021.

Note 10 - Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits (Continued)

Single Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 2.17% was used to measure the total OPEB liability for the current year, as opposed to a discount rate of 2.25% for the prior year. The significant change in the discount rate was primarily caused by the decrease in the municipal bond rate from 2.12% as of December 31, 2020 to 2.06% as of December 31, 2021. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total OPEB liability is equal to the single equivalent rate that results in the same actuarial present value as the long-term expected rate of return applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the municipal bond rate applied to benefit payment to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through December 31, 2036.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made according to the current employer contribution schedule and that contributions are made by plan members retiring prior to age 65.

Sensitivity of the Villages Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the Village's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.17 percent, as well as what the Village's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.17 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.17 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to Discount Rate (1.17%)		Disc	Current count Rate (2.17%)	% Increase to Discount Rate (3.17%)
Village's Proportionate Share of the					
Net OPEB Liability	\$	165,793	\$	122,210	\$ 89,413

Payables to the OPEB Plan. As of December 31, 2022, the Village had no outstanding payables to the OPEB plan.

Note 11 - Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health claims; unemployment compensation claims; and environmental damage for which the Village purchases commercial insurance. There has been no reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year. Insurance settlements for claims resulting from the risks covered by commercial insurance have not exceeded the insurance coverage in past three years.

Note 12 - Commitments and Contingencies

From time to time the Village is involved in legal actions and claims, most of which normally occur in governmental operations. In the opinion of Village management, these issues, and any other proceedings known to exist at December 31, 2022, are not likely to have a material adverse impact on the Village's financial position.

Note 12 - Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

Funds for the operating budget of the Village comes from many sources, including property taxes, grants and aids from other units of government, user fees, fines and permits, and other miscellaneous revenues. The State of Wisconsin provides a variety of aid and grant programs which benefit the Village. Those aid and grant programs are dependent on continued approval and funding by the Wisconsin governor and legislature, through their budget processes. Any changes made by the State to funding or eligibility of local aid programs could have a significant impact on the future operating results of the Village.

In 2012, the Village issued \$3,150,000 Waterworks System Revenue Bonds, Series 2012A (2012A Bonds). The 2012A Bonds were issued to pay-off a portion of the 2007 Bond Anticipation Notes (2007 BANS) in 2012. A portion of the original proceeds from the 2007 BANS were recorded in TIF No. 4 and were used to finance TIF eligible water projects. Due to the uncertainty of TIF No. 4 being able to pay the principal and interest payments on the 2012A Bonds, the 2012A Bonds were recorded in the water utility. The water utility is making the principal and interest payments on the 2012A Bonds. However, if future tax increments in TIF No. 4 are sufficient, TIF No. 4 will reimburse the water utility for the principal and interest payments that have been made on the 2012A Bonds as well as any issuance costs. As of December 31, 2022, the total reimbursable expenditures are:

	Year	r End 2022	(Cumulative	
Principal	\$	-	\$	1,045,000	
Interest		41,189 70			
Issuance Costs		-		49,551	
Totals	\$	41,189	\$	1,860,774	

In 2012, the Village also issued \$6,060,000 General Obligations Refunding Bonds, Series 2012B (2012B Bonds). The 2012B bonds were issued to pay-off a portion of the 2007 BANS through a current refunding in 2012. A portion of the original proceeds from the 2007 BANS were recorded in TIF No. 4 and were used to finance TIF eligible sewer projects. Due to the uncertainty of TIF No. 4 being able to pay the principal and interest payments on the 2012B Bonds related to sewer projects, the sewer portion of the 2012B bonds were recorded in the sewer utility. The sewer utility is making the principal and interest payments. However, if future tax increments in TIF No. 4 are sufficient, TIF No. 4 will reimburse the sewer utility for the principal and interest payments that have been made on the 2012B Bonds as well as any issuance costs. As of December 31, 2022, the total reimbursable expenditures are:

	Yea	r End 2022	(Cumulative
Principal	\$	100,000	\$	525,000
Interest		43,692		498,535
Issuance Costs		-		30,439
Totals	\$	143,692	\$	1,053,974

In 2022, the Village issued \$5,888,000 Combined Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2022A (2022A Bonds). The 2022A Bonds were issued to refund the remainder of the 2012 Waterworks System Revenue Bonds, which refunded the 2007 Bond Anticipation Notes (2007 BANS). A portion of the original proceeds from the 2007 BANS were recorded in TIF No. 4 and were used to finance TIF eligible water projects. Due to the uncertainty of TIF No. 4 being able to pay the principal and interest payments on the 2022A Bonds, the 2022A Bonds were recorded in the water utility. The water utility is making the principal and interest payments on the 2022A Bonds. However, if future tax increments in TIF No. 4 are sufficient, TIF No. 4 will reimburse the water utility for the principal and interest payments that have been made on the 2022A Bonds as well as any issuance costs. As of December 31, 2022, the total reimbursable expenditures are:

	Yea	r End 2022	С	umulative
Principal	\$	-	\$	-
Interest		-		-
Issuance Costs		79,682		79,682
Totals	\$	79,682	\$	79,682

VILLAGE OF UNION GROVE, WISCONSIN Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 13 - Joint Ventures

The Village of Union Grove and Town of Yorkville jointly operate the fire commission, which is called the Union Grove - Yorkville Fire Commission (fire commission) and provides fire protection and rescue service. The communities share in the operation of the district based on a percentage of total equalized value.

The governing body is made up of citizens from each community. Local representatives are appointed by the Village Board. The governing body has authority to adopt its own budget and control the financial affairs of the fire commission. The Village is obligated by the joint venture agreement to remit an amount annually to the fire commission. The Village made a payment to the fire commission of \$191,018 in 2022. Financial information of the fire commission as of December 31, 2022 is available directly from the fire commission's office.

Debt is being repaid with resources of the fire commission and is secured by the taxing power of the participants. The transactions of the fire commission are not reflected in these financial statements.

The Village does not have an equity interest in the fire commission.

Note 14 - Economic Dependency

The Sewer Utility has one significant customer who was responsible for 34% of operating revenues in 2022.

Note 15 - Tax Abatements

Tax abatements are a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of those governments.

Pay-As-You-Go Municipal Revenue Obligations

Over the years, the Village has authorized the issuance of Municipal Revenue Obligations (MRO's) for the purpose of encouraging development. The MRO's are non-interest bearing and are paid solely from the tax increments on the respective properties of the tax incremental districts. In conjunction with authorization of these debt issues, the Village entered into developer agreements with local businesses to provide development incentives to assist in undertaking the projects. The details related to the debt issues are:

TIF No. 4

MRO Dated February 19, 2013

Payments to the Company will be made in years 2014 through 2027. However, the first payment occurred in 2015. The Village paid \$15,840 in 2022. Total payments made to-date are \$79,559.

The Village and Company will share the Property Tax Increment on a 50/50 basis with the Company receiving 50% and the Village receiving 50% assuming that the property meets or exceeds the Guaranteed Minimum Assessed Value of \$2,025,000.

VILLAGE OF UNION GROVE, WISCONSIN Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 15 - Tax Abatements (Continued)

TIF No. 5

MRO Dated August 8, 2018

Two separate one-time payments of \$1,200,000 and \$200,000 were paid to the Company by the Village in 2018 upon the Company meeting previously agreed-upon terms and conditions.

Subject to further terms and conditions, the Village is to pay five equal payments of \$193,333 for each multi-family residential building in the development and \$193,335 for one commercial building. Four of the multi-family payments and the one commercial payment have been made for a total of \$1,210,668 in 2022.

The Village and the Company will share the Property Tax Increment on a 75/25 basis with the Village receiving 75% and the Company receiving 25% assuming that the property meets or exceeds the Guaranteed Minimum Assessed Value of \$10,000,000.

TIF No. 6

MRO Dated September 17, 2019

The Village entered into a developer's agreement that had multiple phases and conditions for each MRO as noted below.

Conditioned upon the Developer meeting its Phase 1 Guaranteed Minimum Assessed Value of \$20,670,000 with \$14,520,000 by December 31, 2021 and an additional \$6,150,000 by December 31, 2022, the Village shall pay excess Phase 1 Property Tax Increment to Developer on an annual "pay-as-you-go" basis as reimbursement for the actual cost of its Phase 1 Internal Infrastructure Improvements estimated at One Million Eight Hundred Ninety Two Thousand Three Hundred Fifty and 00/100 Dollars (\$1,892,350), together with interest at the rate of Five Percent (5%) per annum, subject to a maximum incentive of Two Million Six Hundred Seventy Seven Thousand Four Hundred Eleven and 00/100 Dollars (\$2,677,411). No payments were made in 2022.

Conditioned upon the Developer meeting its Phase 2 Guaranteed Minimum Assessed Value of \$14,175,000, the Village shall pay excess Phase 2 Property Tax Increment to Developer on an annual "pay-as-you-go" basis as reimbursement for the actual cost of its Phase 2 Internal Infrastructure Improvements estimated at One Million Three Hundred Sixty-One Thousand and 00/100 Dollars, together with interest at the rate of Five Percent (5%) per annum, subject to a maximum incentive of \$1,918,096. No payments were made in 2022.

Conditioned upon the Developer meeting its Phases 1 and 2 Guaranteed Minimum Assessed Values, any Property Tax Increment available after payment of the Village's loan payments, Administrative Costs, and the Phase 1 and Phase 2 Developer Infrastructure Incentives, shall be paid to the Developer as additional incentive on an annual "pay-as-you-go" basis, subject to a cumulative maximum of Two Million and 00/100 Dollars (\$2,000,000) based on a 70% Developer and 30% Village split. No payments were made in 2022.

December 31, 2022

Note 16 - Restatement of Beginning Fund Balance and Net Position

During the year the Village restated beginning fund balance in the general fund for additional joint fire department receivables related to the fire truck purchase, capital projects fund for retainage, and the revolving loans fund for an updated interpretation of GASB 65. The following presents the impact of these restatements of beginning fund balance.

	General Fund		Capital Projects		Revolving Loans	
Beginning Fund Balance - January 1, 2022	\$	974,300	\$	888,352	\$	289,778
Fire Department Receivable		183,270		-		-
Retainage Payable		-		(127,334)		-
Interpretation of GASB 65		-		-		111,972
Beginning Fund Balance - January 1, 2022, as Restated	\$	1,157,570	\$	761,018	\$	401,750

During the year, the Village restated beginning net position of the water, wastewater, and stormwater utilities, governmental activities, and business-type activities. The water utility and business-type activities net position were restated due to a capital assets evaluation done by the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin and previous years' contributed asset projects. The governmental activities were restated for additional joint fire department receivables related to the fire truck purchase and retainage. The following presents the impact of these restatements of beginning net position:

	Water Utility		r Utility Wastewater Utility		y Stormwater Utility	
Beginning Net Position - January 1, 2022	\$	6,865,906	\$	7,635,053	\$	2,589,245
Public Service Commission Capital Assets Evaluation		(241,498)		-		-
Contributed Capital Asset Projects		983,274		836,436		763,613
Beginning Net Position - January 1, 2022, as Restated	\$	7,607,682	\$	8,471,489	\$	3,352,858
	G	overnmental	Bu	siness-Type		
		Activities		Activities		
Beginning Net Position - January 1, 2022	\$	(2,499,299)	\$	17,090,204		
Fire Department Receivable		183,270		-		
Retainage Payable		(127,334)		-		
Public Service Commission Capital Assets Evaluation		-		(241,498)		
Contributed Capital Asset Projects		-		2,583,323		
Beginning Net Position - January 1, 2022, as Restated	\$	(2,443,363)	\$	19,432,029		

The change in fund balances and net position are not reasonably determinable.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

VILLAGE OF UNION GROVE, WISCONSIN Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS)

WRS Fiscal Year End Date (Measurement Date)	Village's Proportion of the Net Pension (Asset)/Liability	S N	Village's oportionate hare of the et Pension eset)/Liability	Village's Covered Payroll	Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset)/Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
12/31/2021	0.00550094%	\$	(443,385)	\$ 931,977	47.57%	106.02%
12/31/2020	0.00545675%		(340,672)	919,052	37.07%	105.26%
12/31/2019	0.00539065%		(173,819)	902,453	19.26%	102.96%
12/31/2018	0.00545849%		194,195	807,254	24.06%	96.45%
12/31/2017	0.00575325%		(70,820)	783,780	9.04%	102.93%
12/31/2016	0.00608877%		50,186	849,123	5.91%	99.12%
12/31/2015	0.00629030%		102,216	871,037	11.73%	98.20%

Schedule of Employer Contributions Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS)

Village Year End Date	R	ntractually equired ttributions	Rela Cor R	ributions in ation to the ntractually equired ntributions	De	tribution ficiency xcess)	 Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/2022	\$	64,511	\$	64,511	\$	-	\$ 992,482	6.50%
12/31/2021		62,908		62,908		-	931,977	6.75%
12/31/2020		62,036		62,036		-	919,052	6.75%
12/31/2019		59,110		59,110		-	902,453	6.55%
12/31/2018		54,234		54,234		-	807,254	6.72%
12/31/2017		53,297		53,297		-	783,780	6.80%
12/31/2016		56,029		56,029		-	849,123	6.60%

Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Other Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions - Cost-Sharing Plan

						Village's Proportionate	
	Village's		Village's			Share of the	Plan Fiduciary
WRS Fiscal	Proportion	Pr	oportionate			Net OPEB	Net Position
Year End Date	of the Net	S	hare of the	,	Village's	Liability	as a Percentage
(Measurement	OPEB	I	Vet OPEB	(Covered	as a Percentage of	of the Total
Date)	Liability		Liability		Payroll	Covered Payroll	OPEB Liability
12/31/2021	0.02067700%	\$	122,210	\$	911,000	13.41%	29.57%
12/31/2020	0.02010900%		110,615		874,000	12.66%	31.36%
12/31/2019	0.02339700%		99,629		917,000	10.86%	37.58%
12/31/2018	0.02287700%		59,030		821,000	7.19%	48.69%
12/31/2017	0.02222100%		66,854		934,457	7.15%	44.81%

Schedule of Employer Contributions Other Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions - Cost-Sharing Plan

Village Year End Date	Red Conti	ractually quired ributions	Relat Cont Re Cont	Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions		tribution ficiency xcess)	 Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/2022	\$	426	\$	426	\$	-	\$ 918,000	0.05%
12/31/2021		414		414		-	911,000	0.05%
12/31/2020		406		406		-	874,000	0.05%
12/31/2019		422		422		-	917,000	0.05%

Schedule of Budgetary Comparison Budget and Actual General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

REVENUES		riginal and nal Budget		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget			
Taxes	\$	1,396,341	\$	1,394,151	\$	(2,190)		
Special Assessments	φ	1,590,541	φ	12,277	φ	(2,190) 12,277		
Intergovernmental		675,705		668,138		(7,567)		
Licenses and Permits		231,300		237,160		5,860		
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties		65,000		61,947		(3,053)		
Investment Income		10,025		35,625		25,600		
Miscellaneous		84,150		105,516		21,366		
Total Revenues		2,462,521		2,514,814		52,293		
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		615,835		685,135		(69,300)		
Public Safety		1,033,015		1,028,239		4,776		
Public Works		806,253		730,278		75,975		
Health and Human Services		11,500		11,374		126		
Conservation and Development		7,500		13,186		(5,686)		
Total Expenditures		2,474,103		2,468,212		5,891		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(11,582)		46,602		58,184		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCE (USE)								
Transfers In		203,309		167,521		(35,788)		
Transfers Out		(191,727)		(417,564)		(225,837)		
Total Other Financing Source (Use)		11,582		(250,043)		(261,625)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		(203,441)		(203,441)		
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING, RESTATED		1,157,570		1,157,570		-		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	1,157,570	\$	954,129	\$	(203,441)		

Budgetary Process

The Village reviews and adopts its annual budget by December or earlier of the preceding year. The budgetary information included in the accompanying financial statements is comprised of the originally approved budget plus or minus approved revisions of budget revenues and expenditures. These budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. Management control of the budgetary process has been established at the functional level of expenditures. A department can be a fund, cost center, program or other activity for which control of expenditures is considered desirable. Budget appropriations for certain capital projects funds are project oriented, often possessing multi-year lives; consequently, budgeted capital projects expenditures are controlled through fund balances. The budget is amended for supplemental appropriations periodically during the year. Budget changes require a two-thirds approval by the Village board. The Village amended its budget once for the budget period.

The general fund had the following expenditures in excess of the budget for the year ended December 31, 2022:

		Excess						
General Fund	Expenditures							
General Government	\$	69,300						
Conservation and Development		5,686						

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in WRS.

Changes of assumptions.

Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2021 covering January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2020, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the yearend December 31, 2021, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 1.9% to 1.7%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table.

Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits - Cost-Sharing Plan

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in LRLIF.

Changes of assumptions. In addition to the rate changes detailed in the tables above, the State of Wisconsin Employee Trust Fund Board adopted economic and demographic assumption changes based on a three-year experience study performed for the Wisconsin Retirement System. These assumptions are used in the actuarial valuations of OPEB liabilities (assets) for the retiree life insurance programs and are summarized below.

The assumption changes that were used to measure the December 31, 2021, total OPEB liabilities, including the following:

- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

VILLAGE OF UNION GROVE, WISCONSIN Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds As of December 31, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds							Capital Projects Funds												
	Revolving Loans Fund				Recreation and Parks Fund Library Fund		American Rescue Plan Act		TID No. 4		TID No. 5		TID No. 6		TID No. 7		То	tal Nonmajor Funds		
ASSETS															_					
Cash and Investments	\$	212,080	\$	222,207	\$	81,289	\$	448,908	\$	508,672	\$	720,481	\$	-	\$	522,645	\$	60,141	\$	2,776,423
Receivables:																				
Accounts Receivable		-		-		150		-		-		28,422		-		-		-		28,572
Taxes		-		-		-		-		-		99,094		104,236		305,112		59,740		568,182
Loans		175,440		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		175,440
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	387,520	\$	222,207	\$	81,439	\$	448,908	\$	508,672	\$	847,997	\$	104,236	\$	827,757	\$	119,881	\$	3,548,617
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)																				
LIABILITIES																				
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,729	\$	1,047	\$	-	\$	1,833	\$	1,833	\$	1,833	\$	-	\$	13,275
Accrued Liabilities		-		-		72		8,335		-		-		-		-		-		8,407
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		-		-		-		92,954		-		-		92,954
Unearned Revenue		-		-		-		-		508,672		-		-		-		-		508,672
Total Liabilities		-		-		6,801		9,382		508,672		1,833		94,787		1,833		-		623,308
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES																				
Taxes Levied for Subsequent Period		-		-		-		-		<u> </u>		211,710		222,695		651,858		127,632		1,213,895
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)																				
Restricted		387,520		222,207		-		-		-		634,454		-		174,066		-		1,418,247
Assigned		-		-		74,638		439,526		-		-		-		-		-		514,164
Unassigned Deficit		-		-		-		-		-		-		(213,246)		-		(7,751)		(220,997)
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		387,520		222,207		74,638		439,526	_	-		634,454		(213,246)	_	174,066		(7,751)	_	1,711,414
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS																				
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$	387,520	\$	222,207	\$	81,439	\$	448,908	\$	508,672	\$	847,997	\$	104,236	\$	827,757	\$	119,881	\$	3,548,617

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances (Deficits)

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Capital Projects Funds											
	Revolving Loans Fund	Impact Fees Fund			American Rescue Plan Act	TI	TID No. 4		D No. 5	TID No. 6	TID No. 7	Tot	al Nonmajor Funds
REVENUES													
Taxes	\$-	\$-	+	\$-	\$ -	\$	149,379	\$	144,230	\$ 258,161	\$-	\$	551,770
Intergovernmental	-	-	15,533	181,243	6,386		42,995		-	-	-		246,157
Licenses and Permits	-	32,633	-	-	-		-		-	-	-		32,633
Public Charges for Services	-		65,025	10,594	-				-	-	-		75,619
Interest on Investments	3,270	2,276	-	3,612	-		14,875		-	833	-		24,866
Donations	-	-	-	250	-		-		-	-	-		250
Miscellaneous			5,528	5,161			-		-	-			10,689
Total Revenues	3,270	34,909	86,086	200,860	6,386		207,249		144,230	258,994	-		941,984
EXPENDITURES													
Current:													
General Government	-	-		-	1,375		-		-	-	-		1,375
Public Works	-	-	-	-	5,011		-		-	-	-		5,011
Culture, Recreation, and Education	-	-	96,617	314,907	-		-		-	-	-		411,524
Conservation and Development	17,500	-	-	-	-		14,576		22,552	48,631	150		103,409
Debt Service									-	-			
Principal	-	-		-	-		250,000		50,000	-	-		300,000
Interest	-	-	-	-	-		56,552		74,706	27,300	-		158,558
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	-		-		-	53	-		53
Total Expenditures	17,500		96,617	314,907	6,386		321,128		147,258	75,984	150		979,930
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(14,230)	34,909	(10,531)	(114,047)			(113,879)		(3,028)	183,010	(150)		(37,946)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In		1,098	43,007	311,214			-		-				355,319
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	(14,230)	36,007	32,476	197,167	-		(113,879)		(3,028)	183,010	(150)		317,373
	,						,		,		, ,		
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - BEGINNING	401,750	186,200	42,162	242,359			748,333		(210,218)	(8,944)	(7,601)		1,394,041
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - ENDING	\$ 387,520	\$ 222,207	\$ 74,638	\$ 439,526	\$	\$	634,454	\$	(213,246)	\$ 174,066	\$ (7,751)	\$	1,711,414

Schedule of Water Utility Operating Revenues and Expenses For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

OPERATING REVENUES

Sales of Water	
Unmetered	\$ 2,433
Metered	
Residential	442,965
Multifamily Residential	99,676
Commercial	134,126
Industrial	78,321
Public Authorities	28,596
Total Metered Sales	783,684
Private Fire Protection	17,830
Public Fire Protection	326,416
Total Sales of Water	1,130,363
Other Operating Revenues	
Forfeited Discounts	2,653
Miscellaneous Service Revenue	8,282
Rents from Water Property	17,269
Other	295
Total Operating Revenues	1,158,862
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Operation and Maintenance	
Source of Supply	
Operation Labor	33,324
Operation Supplies	8,118
Maintenance	13,162
Total Source of Supply	54,604
Pumping	
Operation Labor	43,206
Fuel or Power Purchased for Pumping	69,914
Maintenance	22,412
Total Pumping	135,532
Water Treatment	
Chemicals	105,479
Transmission and Distribution	
Operation Labor	6,220
Maintenance	
Distribution Reservoirs and Standpipes	2,100
Mains	74,652
Services	8,180
Meters	34,861
Hydrants	11,719
Total Transmission and Distribution	137,732
Customer Accounts	
Meter Reading Labor	7,830
Accounting and Collecting Labor	9,793
Supplies	10,692
Total Customer Accounts	28,315

Schedule of Water Utility Operating Revenues and Expenses For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 (continued)

OPERATING EXPENSES (continued)

Operation and Maintenance (continued)	
Administrative and General	
Salaries	31,485
Office Supplies	5,000
Outside Services Employed	52,688
Property Insurance	5,256
Employee Pensions and Benefits	64,773
Miscellaneous	6,301
Transportation	 12,821
Total Administrative and General	178,324
Taxes	15,831
Total Operation and Maintenance	655,817
Depreciation	 347,258
Total Operating Expenses	 1,003,075
OPERATING INCOME	\$ 155,787

Schedule of Wastewater Utility Operating Revenues and Expenses For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

OPERATING REVENUES

Wastewater Revenues		
Residential	\$	495,923
Multifamily Residential	Ψ	449,791
Commercial		339,300
Industrial		23,449
Public Authorities		16,238
Total Wastewater Revenues		1,324,701
Other Operating Revenues		1,024,701
Miscellaneous Service Revenue		3,848
Total Operating Revenues		1,328,549
Total Operating Revenues		1,320,349
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Operation and Maintenance		
Operation		
Supervision and Labor		174,692
Power and Fuel for Pumping		118,722
Other Chemicals		48,994
Laboratory Expenses		15,072
Other Operating Supplies		29,794
Transportation		12,526
Sludge Hauling		47,793
Total Operation		447,593
Maintenance		
Collection System		11,385
General Plant Structure and Equipment		121,021
Total Maintenance		132,406
Administrative and General		
Salaries		21,373
Office Supplies and Expenses		5,069
Outside Services Employed		18,742
Property Insurance		17,641
Employee Pensions and Benefits		69,337
Drainage District Payment		10,211
Total Administrative and General		142,373
Taxes		12,590
Total Operation and Maintenance		734,962
Depreciation		523,976
Total Operating Expenses		1,258,938
OPERATING INCOME	\$	69,611

Schedule of Stormwater Utility Operating Revenues and Expenses For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

OPERATING REVENUES Stormwater Revenues \$ Charges for Services 284,256 Other Operating Revenues **Forfeited Discounts** 1,136 **Total Operating Revenues** 285,392 **OPERATING EXPENSES Operation and Maintenance** 415 Miscellaneous Maintenance 36,858 Salaries 14,582 Street Cleaning Maintenance of Catch Basins 147 Miscellaneous 776 **Total Maintenance** 52,363 Operations Salaries 19,403 Street Sweeping 1,396 **Equipment Repair** 12,572 **Total Operations** 33,371 Administrative and General Salaries 21,296 9,600 Office Supplies and Expenses **Outside Services Employed** 3,796 260 **Property Insurance** Injuries and Damages 6,582 **Employee Pensions and Benefits** 16,822 Total Administrative and General 58,356 Taxes 3,615 **Total Operation and Maintenance** 148,120 Depreciation 138,293 **Total Operating Expenses** 286,413 \$ **OPERATING LOSS** (1,021) THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY